Quality standards

Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

Vardenafil Orodispersible Tablets

General Notices

Action and use

Selective inhibitor of cyclic GMP-specific phosphodiesterase type V with vasodilator action; treatment of erectile dysfunction.

DEFINITION

Vardenafil Orodispersible Tablets contain Vardenafil Hydrochloride Trihydrate.

The tablets comply with the requirements stated under Tablets and with the following requirements.

Content of vardenafil, C23H32N6O4S

95.0 to 105.0% of the stated amount.

IDENTIFICATION

- A. Carry out the method for thin-layer chromatography, Appendix III A, using the following.
- (1) Disperse a quantity of the powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 20 mg of Vardenafil Hydrochloride Trihydrate in 100 mL of a solution of 1 volume of <u>acetonitrile</u> and 4 volumes of 0.1M <u>hydrochloric acid</u> and filter.
- (2) 0.02% <u>vardenafil hydrochloride EPCRS</u> in a solution of 1 volume of <u>acetonitrile</u> and 4 volumes of 0.1м <u>hydrochloric</u> <u>acid</u>.

CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

- (a) Use precoated <u>silica gel</u> F₂₅₄ HPTLC plates (Merck <u>silica gel 60 F₂₆₄ HPTLC plates are suitable</u>).
- (b) Use the mobile phase as described below.
- (c) Apply 10 µL of each solution.
- (d) Develop the plate to 8 cm.
- (e) After removal of the plate, dry in air, and examine under <u>ultraviolet light (254 nm)</u>.

MOBILE PHASE

1 volume each of acetone, of cyclohexane and of methanol.

CONFIRMATION

The principal spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) corresponds in position and size to that in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2).

B. In the Assay, the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) has the same retention time as the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2).

TESTS

https://nhathuocngocanh.com/bp

Related substances

Carry out the method for *liquid chromatography*, Appendix III D, using the following solutions.

Solvent A 1 volume of <u>acetonitrile</u> and 4 volumes of 0.1M <u>hydrochloric acid</u>.

- (1) Disperse a quantity of powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 10 mg of vardenafil in 50 mL of solvent A with the aid of ultrasound and filter.
- (2) Dilute 1 volume of solution (1) to 100 volumes with solvent A.
- (3) Dilute 1 volume of solution (2) to 10 volumes with solvent A.
- (4) 0.015% w/v of vardenafil for system suitability EPCRS solvent A.

CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

- (a) Use a stainless steel column (15 cm × 4.6 mm) packed with <u>octadecylsilyl silica gel for chromatography</u> (5 μm) (Zorbax Extend C18 is suitable).
- (b) Use gradient elution and the mobile phase described below.
- (c) Use a flow rate of 1.5 mL per minute.
- (d) Use a column temperature of 40°.
- (e) Use a detection wavelength of 245 nm.
- (f) Inject 10 µL of each solution.

MOBILE PHASE

Mobile phase A 0.08% w/v of <u>ammonium acetate</u> in 90 volumes of <u>water</u> and 10 volumes of <u>acetonitrile</u>.

Mobile phase B 0.08% w/v of <u>ammonium acetate</u> in 10 volumes of <u>water</u> and 90 volumes of <u>acetonitrile</u>.

Time (Minutes)	Mobile phase A	Mobile phase B	Comment
	(% v/v)	(% v/v)	
0-20	80→0	20→100	linear gradient
20-21	0→80	100→20	linear gradient
21-25	80	20	re-equilibration

When the chromatograms are recorded under the prescribed conditions, the relative retention times with reference to vardenafil (retention time about 8 min) are: impurity B, about 0.2; impurity 1, about 0.5; impurity 2, about 0.55; impurity A, about 0.6 and impurity C, about 1.3.

SYSTEM SUITABILITY

The test is not valid unless, in the chromatogram obtained with solution (4), the <u>resolution</u> between the peaks due to vardenafil and impurity A is not less than 5.0.

LIMITS

In the chromatogram obtained with solution (1):

the area of any peak due to impurity 1 is not greater than the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2) (1%);

the area of any peak due to impurity B or impurity 2is not greater than 5 times the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) (0.5%);

the area of any other <u>secondary peak</u> is not greater than 2 times the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) (0.2%);

the sum of the areas of all <u>secondary peaks</u> is not greater than 2 times the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2) (2%).

Disregard any peak with an area less than the area of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) (0.1%).

https://nhathuocngocanh.com/bp

ASSAY

Carry out the method for *liquid chromatography*, Appendix III D, using the following solutions.

Solvent A 1 volumes of acetonitrile and 4 volumes of 0.1 m hydrochloric acid.

- (1) Disperse a quantity of powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 10 mg of vardenafil in solvent A with the aid of ultrasound, dilute to 50 mL and filter.
- (2) 0.0215% of vardenafil hydrochloride EPCRS in solvent A.
- (3) 0.015% w/v of vardenafil for system suitability EPCRS in solvent A.

CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

The chromatographic conditions under Related substances may be used.

SYSTEM SUITABILITY

The test is not valid unless, in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3), the <u>resolution</u> between the peaks due to vardenafil and impurity A is not less than 5.0.

DETERMINATION OF CONTENT

Calculate the content of vardenafil, $C_{23}H_{32}N_6O_4S$, using the declared content of $C_{23}H_{32}N_6O_4S$, HCl, in <u>vardenafil</u> <u>hydrochloride EPCRS</u>. Each mg of <u>vardenafil hydrochloride EPCRS</u> is equivalent to 0.9306 mg of vardenafil.

STORAGE

Vardenafil Orodispersible Tablets should be stored at a temperature not exceeding 25° and protected from moisture and light.

IMPURITIES

The impurities limited by the requirements of this monograph include those listed under Vardenafil Hydrochloride Trihydrate and:

- 1. 1-Ethyl-4-{4-ethoxy-3-[5-methyl-4-oxo-7-propyl-3,4-dihydroimidazo[5,1-*f*][1,2,4]triazin-2-yl]benzenesulfonyl}piperazine *N* ¹-oxide
- 2. 2-[2-Ethoxy-5-(piperazine-1-sulfonyl)phenyl]-5-methyl-7-propylimidazo[5,1-f][1,2,4]triazin-4(3H)-one