# **Quality standards**

Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

### **Phenelzine Tablets**

#### **General Notices**

#### Action and use

Monoamine oxidase inhibitor; antidepressant.

#### **DEFINITION**

Phenelzine Tablets contain Phenelzine Sulfate. They are coated.

The tablets comply with the requirements stated under Tablets and with the following requirements.

# Content of phenelzine, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>

90.0 to 110.0% of the stated amount.

### **IDENTIFICATION**

- A. Shake a quantity of the powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 30 mg of phenelzine with 25 mL of <u>water</u> for 5 minutes and filter. Make the filtrate alkaline with 5M <u>sodium hydroxide</u> and extract with two 25 mL quantities of <u>chloroform</u>. Extract the combined chloroform layers with two 25 mL quantities of 0.05M <u>sulfuric acid</u> and dilute the combined extracts to 100 mL with 0.05M <u>sulfuric acid</u>. The <u>light absorption</u> of the resulting solution, <u>Appendix II B</u>, in the range 230 to 350 nm exhibits three well-defined maxima, at 252, 258 and 263 nm.
- B. Extract a quantity of the powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 30 mg of phenelzine with 10 mL of <u>water</u> and filter. Make 5 mL of the filtrate alkaline with 5 mt <u>sodium hydroxide</u> and add 1 mL of <u>cupri-tartaric solution R1</u>. A red precipitate is produced.
- C. Extract a quantity of the powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 45 mg of phenelzine with 5 mL of <u>water</u> and filter. The filtrate yields the reactions characteristic of <u>sulfates</u>, <u>Appendix VI</u>.

## **ASSAY**

Weigh and powder 20 tablets. To a quantity of the powder containing the equivalent of 0.1 g of phenelzine add 20 mL of  $\underline{water}$  and 2 mL of  $\underline{2M}$   $\underline{hydrochloric}$   $\underline{acid}$ , heat to boiling and boil for 30 seconds, stirring constantly. Add 25 mL of  $\underline{water}$ , cool, add 2 g of  $\underline{sodium}$   $\underline{hydrochloric}$   $\underline{acid}$  and 50 mL of  $\underline{0.05M}$   $\underline{iodine}$   $\underline{VS}$ , stopper the flask and allow to stand for 90 minutes. Add 15 mL of  $\underline{2M}$   $\underline{hydrochloric}$   $\underline{acid}$  and titrate with 0.1M  $\underline{sodium}$   $\underline{thiosulfate}$   $\underline{VS}$  using  $\underline{starch}$   $\underline{mucilage}$ , added towards the end of the titration, as indicator. Repeat the operation without the powder. The difference between the titrations represents the amount of iodine required. Each mL of  $\underline{0.05M}$   $\underline{iodine}$   $\underline{VS}$  is equivalent to 3.405 mg of  $C_8H_{12}N_2$ .

#### **LABELLING**

The quantity of active ingredient is stated in terms of the equivalent amount of phenelzine.

