Quality standards

Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

Mefenamic Acid Capsules

General Notices

Action and use

Cyclo-oxygenase inhibitor; analgesic; anti-inflammatory.

DEFINITION

Mefenamic Acid Capsules contain Mefenamic Acid.

The capsules comply with the requirements stated under Capsules and with the following requirements.

Content of mefenamic acid, C₁₅H₁₅NO₂

95.0 to 105.0% of the stated amount.

IDENTIFICATION

Extract a quantity of the contents of the capsules containing 0.25 g of Mefenamic Acid with two 30-mL quantities of <u>ether</u>. Wash the combined extracts with <u>water</u>, evaporate to dryness on a water bath and dry the residue at 105°. Dissolve a sufficient quantity in the minimum volume of <u>absolute ethanol</u> and evaporate to dryness on a water bath. The <u>infrared absorption spectrum</u>, <u>Appendix II A</u>, is concordant with the <u>reference spectrum</u> of mefenamic acid <u>(RS 210)</u>.

TESTS

Disintegration

Maximum time, 15 minutes, Appendix XII A1.

2,3-Dimethylaniline

Carry out the method for <u>thin-layer chromatography</u>, <u>Appendix III A</u>, using a <u>TLC silica gel G plate</u> and a mixture of 1 volume of 18M <u>ammonia</u>, 25 volumes of <u>1,4-dioxan</u> and 90 volumes of <u>toluene</u> as the mobile phase. Apply separately to the plate 40 µL of each of the following solutions. For solution (1) shake a quantity of the contents of the capsules containing 0.25 g of Mefenamic Acid with a mixture of 7.5 mL of <u>dichloromethane</u> and 2.5 mL of <u>methanol</u>, allow the insoluble matter to settle and use the supernatant liquid. Solution (2) contains 0.00025% w/v of <u>2,3-dimethylaniline</u> in a mixture of 3 volumes of <u>dichloromethane</u> and 1 volume of <u>methanol</u>. After removal of the plate, dry it in a current of warm air and visualise by <u>Method I</u>. Any spot corresponding to 2,3-dimethylaniline in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is not more intense than the spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2) (100 ppm).

Related substances

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Carry out the method for *thin-layer chromatography*, <u>Appendix III A</u>, using a <u>TLC silica gel GF₂₅₄ plate</u> and a mixture of 1 volume of *glacial acetic acid*, 25 volumes of <u>1,4-dioxan</u> and 90 volumes of <u>toluene</u> as the mobile phase. Apply separately to the plate 20 µL of each of the following solutions. For solution (1) use the supernatant liquid obtained in the test for 2,3-Dimethylaniline. For solution (2) dilute 1 volume of solution (1) to 500 volumes with a mixture of 3 volumes of <u>dichloromethane</u> and 1 volume of <u>methanol</u>. After removal of the plate, allow it to dry in air, expose to iodine vapour for 5 minutes and examine under <u>ultraviolet light (254 nm)</u>. Any <u>secondary spot</u> in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is not more intense than the spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2) (0.2%).

ASSAY

Dissolve a quantity of the mixed contents of 20 capsules containing 0.5 g of Mefenamic Acid in 100 mL of warm <u>absolute ethanol</u> previously neutralised to <u>phenol red solution</u> and titrate with <u>0.1M sodium hydroxide VS</u> using <u>phenol red solution</u> as indicator. Each mL of <u>0.1M sodium hydroxide VS</u> is equivalent to 24.13 mg of C₁₅H₁₅NO₂.