



Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

Glucose Infusion

[General Notices](#)

Glucose Injection
Glucose Intravenous Infusion

DEFINITION

Glucose Infusion is a sterile solution containing Glucose or Glucose Monohydrate. It is supplied as a ready-to-use solution.

The infusion complies with the requirements stated under Parenteral Preparations and with the following requirements.

Content of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$

95.0 to 105.0% of the stated amount.

CHARACTERISTICS

A colourless solution. Solutions containing the equivalent of 200 g per litre or more of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$, may be not more than faintly yellow in colour.

IDENTIFICATION

- A. Heat with [cupri-tartaric solution R1](#). A red precipitate is produced.
- B. The solution prepared as directed in the Assay is dextrorotatory.

TESTS

Acidity

pH, 3.5 to 6.5, [Appendix V L](#), when determined on a solution diluted, if necessary, with [water for injections](#), to contain not more than the equivalent of 5% w/v of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$, and to which 0.30 mL of a saturated solution of [potassium chloride](#) has been added for each 100 mL of solution.

5-Hydroxymethylfurfural and related substances

Dilute a volume containing the equivalent of 1.0 g of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$, to 250 mL with [water](#). The [absorbance](#) of the resulting solution at the maximum at 284 nm is not more than 0.25, [Appendix II B](#).

[Bacterial endotoxins](#)

The endotoxin limit concentration is 0.25 IU per mL, [Appendix XIV.C](#). Dilute infusions containing more than 5% w/v of Glucose with [water BET](#) to contain 5% w/v.

ASSAY

To a volume containing the equivalent of 2 g to 5 g of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$, add 0.2 mL of 5M [ammonia](#) and sufficient [water](#) to produce 100 mL. Mix well, allow to stand for 30 minutes and determine the [optical rotation](#) in a 2-dm tube, [Appendix V.F](#). The observed rotation in degrees multiplied by 0.9477 represents the weight in g of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$, in the volume taken for assay.

LABELLING

The strength is stated as the equivalent number of grams of glucose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$, per litre.

When Glucose Infusion is required as a diluent for Injections or Infusions of the Pharmacopoeia, Glucose Infusion (50 g per litre) shall be used.