



Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

Doxazosin Prolonged-release Tablets

[General Notices](#)

Doxazosin Prolonged-release Tablets from different manufacturers, whilst complying with the requirements of the monograph, are not interchangeable unless otherwise justified and authorised.

Action and use

Alpha₁-adrenoceptor antagonist.

DEFINITION

Doxazosin Prolonged-release Tablets contain Doxazosin Mesilate. They are formulated so that the medicament is released over a period of several hours.

The tablets comply with the requirements stated under [Tablets](#) and with the following requirements.

PRODUCTION

A suitable dissolution test is carried out to demonstrate the appropriate release of Doxazosin Mesilate. The dissolution profile reflects the *in vivo* performance which in turn is compatible with the dosage schedule recommended by the manufacturer.

Risk assessment should be used to evaluate the potential for mutagenic methanesulfonate esters to be formed in the presence of low molecular weight alcohols. If a risk of methanesulfonate ester formation is identified through risk assessment, these impurities should not exceed the threshold of toxicological concern.

Content of doxazosin, C₂₃H₂₅N₅O₅

95.0 to 105.0% of the stated amount.

IDENTIFICATION

In the Assay, record the UV spectrum of the principal peak in the chromatograms obtained with solutions (1) and (2) with a diode array detector in the range of 210 to 400 nm.

The UV spectrum of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is concordant with that of the peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2);

the retention time of the principal peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is similar to that of the peak in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2).

TESTS

Related substances

Carry out the method for [liquid chromatography](#), [Appendix III D](#), using the following solutions prepared in solution A.

Solution A 1 volume of mobile phase B and 9 volumes of mobile phase A.

- (1) Shake a quantity of powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 20 mg of doxazosin in 150 mL and mix with the aid of ultrasound. Dilute to produce 250 mL and filter (a 0.45-µm regenerated cellulose membrane filter is suitable).
- (2) Dilute 1 volume of solution (1) to 200 volumes.
- (3) 0.008% w/v of [doxazosin impurity standard BPCRS](#).
- (4) Dilute 1 volume of solution (2) to 5 volumes.

CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

- (a) Use a stainless steel column (12.5 cm × 4 mm) packed with [base-deactivated octadecylsilyl silica gel for chromatography](#) (5 µm) (Licrospher RP-Select B is suitable).
- (b) Use gradient elution and the mobile phase described below.
- (c) Use a flow rate of 1 mL per minute.
- (d) Use a column temperature of 40°.
- (e) Use a detection wavelength of 246 nm.
- (f) Inject 10 µL of each solution.

MOBILE PHASE

Mobile phase A 0.15% w/v of [orthophosphoric acid](#).

Mobile phase B 0.15% w/v of [orthophosphoric acid](#) in [acetonitrile R1](#).

Time (Minutes)	Mobile phase A (% v/v)	Mobile phase B (% v/v)	Comment
0-5	90	10	isocratic
5-40	90→50	10→50	linear gradient
40-45	50	50	isocratic
45-46	50→90	50→10	linear gradient
46-50	90	10	re-equilibration

SYSTEM SUITABILITY

The test is not valid unless, in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3), the [resolution](#) between impurity D and impurity F is at least 4.5.

CALCULATION OF IMPURITIES

For each impurity, use the concentration of doxazosin in solution (2).

For the reporting threshold, use the concentration of doxazosin in solution (4).

Doxazosin retention time: about 32 minutes.

Relative retention: impurity G, about 0.2; impurity D, about 0.5; impurity F, about 0.7.

LIMITS

- impurity G: not more than 0.5%;
- unspecified impurities: for each impurity, not more than 0.2%;
- total impurities: not more than 1.0%;
- reporting threshold: 0.1%.

ASSAY

Weigh and powder 20 tablets. Carry out the method for [liquid chromatography, Appendix III D](#), using the following solutions prepared in solution B.

Solution B 0.15% w/v of [orthophosphoric acid](#) in a mixture of 1 volume [acetonitrile](#) and 9 volumes of [water](#).

- (1) Shake a quantity of powdered tablets containing the equivalent of 20 mg of doxazosin in 150 mL and mix with the aid of ultrasound. Dilute to produce 250 mL and filter (a 0.45-µm regenerated cellulose membrane filter is suitable).
- (2) 0.0097% w/v of [doxazosin mesilate BPCRS](#).

(3) 0.008% w/v of [doxazosin impurity standard BPCRS](#).

CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

- (a) Use a stainless steel column (12.5 cm x 4 mm) packed with [end-capped octadecylsilyl silica gel for chromatography](#) (5 µm) (Nucleosil C18 is suitable).
- (b) Use isocratic elution and the mobile phase described below.
- (c) Use a flow rate of 1 mL per minute.
- (d) Use a column temperature of 40°.
- (e) Use a detection wavelength of 246 nm.
- (f) Inject 25 µL of each solution.

MOBILE PHASE

30 volumes of [acetonitrile](#) and 70 volumes of 0.05M [potassium dihydrogen orthophosphate](#), previously adjusted to pH 6.0 with [potassium hydroxide](#).

When the chromatograms are recorded under the prescribed conditions, the retention time of doxazosin is about 15 minutes.

SYSTEM SUITABILITY

The test is not valid unless, in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3), the [resolution](#) between doxazosin and impurity F is at least 4.5.

DETERMINATION OF CONTENT

Calculate the content of doxazosin, $C_{23}H_{25}N_5O_5$, in the tablets from the chromatograms obtained and using the declared content of $C_{23}H_{25}N_5O_5 \cdot CH_4O_3S$ in [doxazosin mesilate BPCRS](#).

Each mg of $C_{23}H_{25}N_5O_5 \cdot CH_4O_3S$ is equivalent to 0.8245 mg of $C_{23}H_{25}N_5O_5$.

LABELLING

The quantity of active ingredient is stated in terms of the equivalent amount of doxazosin.

IMPURITIES

The impurities limited by the requirements of this monograph include those listed under Doxazosin Mesilate.