



Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

Dimenhydrinate Tablets

[General Notices](#)

Action and use

[Histamine](#) H₁ receptor antagonist; antihistamine.

DEFINITION

Dimenhydrinate Tablets contain Dimenhydrinate.

The tablets comply with the requirements stated under Tablets and with the following requirements.

Content of dimenhydrinate, C₁₇H₂₁NO, C₇H₇ClN₄O₂

95.0 to 105.0% of the stated amount.

IDENTIFICATION

Shake a quantity of the powdered tablets containing 0.1 g of Dimenhydrinate with 10 mL of a mixture of equal volumes of [chloroform](#) and [ether](#) for 5 minutes, filter and evaporate the filtrate to an oily residue on a water bath. Add 3 mL of [ether](#) to the residue and scratch the interface between the residue and the ether gently with a glass rod until crystals appear in the liquid. Transfer the suspension of crystalline material in ether to a watch glass, allow the solvent to evaporate in a current of air and dry the residue at 60°. The [infrared absorption spectrum](#) of the residue, [Appendix II A](#), is concordant with the [reference spectrum](#) of dimenhydrinate ([RS 104](#)).

TESTS

Theophylline and substances related to diphenhydramine

Carry out the method for [thin-layer chromatography](#), [Appendix III A](#), using the following solutions.

- (1) Shake a quantity of the powdered tablets containing 0.1 g of Dimenhydrinate with three 10-mL quantities of [chloroform](#), filter, evaporate the combined filtrates almost to dryness and dissolve the residue in 5 mL of [chloroform](#).
- (2) Dilute 1 volume of solution (1) to 100 volumes with [chloroform](#).
- (3) 0.010% w/v of [theophylline](#) in [chloroform](#).

CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

- (a) Use as the coating [silica gel GF₂₅₄](#).
- (b) Use the mobile phase as described below.
- (c) Apply 10 µL of each solution.
- (d) Develop the plate to 15 cm.
- (e) After removal of the plate, dry in a current of cold air and examine under [ultraviolet light \(254 nm\)](#) (first examination). Spray the plate with [potassium iodobismuthate solution](#), allow it to dry in air and spray with [hydrogen peroxide solution \(10 vol\)](#) and examine in daylight (second examination).

MOBILE PHASE

1 volume of 13.5M [ammonia](#), 9 volumes of [methanol](#) and 90 volumes of [dichloromethane](#).

LIMITS

In the first examination:

any spot corresponding to theophylline in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is not more intense than the spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) (0.5%).

In the second examination:

any [secondary spot](#) in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is not more intense than the spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2) (1%).

Disregard any spot extending from the line of application to an Rf value of about 0.1.

ASSAY

Weigh and powder 20 tablets. Dissolve a quantity of the powder containing 0.1 g of Dimenhydrinate as completely as possible in 20 mL of [water](#), add 10 mL of 5M [ammonia](#), mix, extract with successive quantities of 15, 15, 15, 10 and 10 mL of [ether](#) and wash the combined extracts with 10 mL of [water](#). Evaporate the ether, warm the residue with 10 mL of [ethanol \(96%\)](#) until dissolved, cool, add 50 mL of [0.01M hydrochloric acid VS](#) and titrate the excess of acid with [0.01M sodium hydroxide VS](#) using [methyl red mixed solution](#) as indicator. Each mL of [0.01M hydrochloric acid VS](#) is equivalent to 4.700 mg of $C_{17}H_{21}NO, C_7H_7ClN_4O_2$.