# **Quality standards**

Edition: BP 2025 (Ph. Eur. 11.6 update)

# **Benzydamine Cream**

#### **General Notices**

#### Action and use

Cyclo-oxygenase inhibitor; analgesic; anti-inflammatory.

### **DEFINITION**

Benzydamine Cream contains Benzydamine Hydrochloride in a suitable basis.

The cream complies with the requirements stated under Topical Semi-solid Preparations and with the following requirements.

## Content of benzydamine hydrochloride, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O,HCI

92.5 to 107.5% of the stated amount.

# **IDENTIFICATION**

- A. Heat a quantity of the cream containing 25 mg of Benzydamine Hydrochloride with 50 mL of <u>absolute ethanol</u> until the cream is completely dissolved and place in an ice-bath until a white precipitate forms. Allow to warm to 20°, dilute to 100 mL with <u>absolute ethanol</u> and filter. Dilute 10 mL of the filtrate to 100 mL with <u>absolute ethanol</u>. The <u>light absorption</u> of the resulting solution, <u>Appendix II B</u>, in the range 230 to 350 nm exhibits a maximum at 308 nm.
- B. In the test for 1-Benzyl-1*H*-indazol-3-ol, the principal spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) corresponds to that in the chromatogram obtained with solution (2).

### **TESTS**

# 1-Benzyl-1*H*-indazol-3-ol

Carry out the method for thin-layer chromatography, Appendix III A, using the following solutions in methanol.

- (1) Extract a quantity of the cream containing 60 mg of Benzydamine Hydrochloride with 25 mL of hot <u>methanol</u>, cool the solution in ice and filter; repeat the extraction twice, filtering each extract and evaporate the combined extracts to dryness using a rotary evaporator; dissolve the residue in 5 mL of <u>methanol</u>.
- (2) 1.2% w/v of benzydamine hydrochloride BPCRS.
- (3) 0.0024% w/v of <u>1-benzyl-1H-indazol-3-ol BPCRS</u>.

#### CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

- (a) Use as the coating silica gel GF<sub>264</sub>.
- (b) Use the mobile phase as described below.
- (c) Apply 40 µL of each solution.
- (d) Develop the plate to 15 cm.
- (e) After removal of the plate, dry in air and examine under ultraviolet light (254 nm and 365 nm).

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MOBILE PHASE

30 volumes of triethylamine and 80 volumes of toluene.

LIMITS

By each method of visualisation, any <u>secondary spot</u> in the chromatogram obtained with solution (1) is not more intense than the spot in the chromatogram obtained with solution (3) (0.2%).

# **ASSAY**

To a quantity of the cream containing 25 mg of Benzydamine Hydrochloride add 50 mL of <u>ethanol (96%)</u>, heat until the cream is completely dissolved and cool in an ice-bath until a white precipitate forms. Allow to warm to 20°, dilute to 100 mL with <u>ethanol (96%)</u> and filter. Dilute 10 mL of the filtrate to 100 mL with <u>ethanol (96%)</u> and measure the <u>absorbance</u> of the resulting solution at the maximum at about 308 nm, <u>Appendix II B</u>, using <u>ethanol (96%)</u> in the reference cell. Calculate the content of  $C_{19}H_{23}N_3O$ ,HCI from the <u>absorbance</u> obtained with a solution containing 0.0025% w/v of <u>benzydamine hydrochloride BPCRS</u> in <u>ethanol (96%)</u> and using the declared content of  $C_{19}H_{23}N_3O$ ,HCI in <u>benzydamine hydrochloride BPCRS</u>.